

Who wants to be a ~~millionaire~~ Computer Scientist?

Preparation for the finals

Game 2

Question 1. 500 points

- Identify the code which **does not** run in time $O(1)$

A.

```
for (i = 0; i < 10; i++)  
    sum += num2;
```

C.

```
i = 0;  
while (i < listSize) {  
    sum = sum + l;  
    i++;  
}
```

B.

```
if (x > y)  
    return x;
```

D.

```
num = arr[i];  
arr[i + 1] = num + 1;
```

A	
B	

C	D
D	B

Question 1. 500 points

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B.

```
if (x > y)  
    return x;
```

D.

```
num = arr[i];  
arr[i + 1] = num + 1;
```

A
B

C
D

The correct answer is C.

Question 2. 1,000 points

- Which of the following is an example of constant time $O(1)$?

- A. Finding the minimum value of an array
- B. Binary search
- C. Accessing an element of an array
- D. Bubble sort

A	
B	

C	
D	

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- A. Finding the minimum value of an array
- B. Binary search
- C. Accessing an element of an array
- D. Bubble sort

A
B

C
D

The correct answer is C.

Question 3. 2,000 points

- What is the complexity of *heapsort*?

A	$O(n)$
B	$O(n \log n)$

C	$O(\log n)$
D	$O(n^2)$

Question 3. 2,000 points

- What is the complexity of *heapsort*?

A	$O(n)$
B	$O(n \log n)$

C	$O(\log n)$
D	$O(n^2)$

The correct answer is B.

Question 4. 3,000 points

- *ListTraverseReverse* must print a linked list in reverse order. Which XXX should replace the missing statement?

```
ListTraverseReverse(list) {  
    XXX  
}  
  
printReverse(node) {  
    if (node is not null) {  
        printReverse(node→next)  
        print node  
    }  
}
```

- A. `printReverse(list→head)`
- B. `printReverse(list)`
- C. `printReverse(list→head→next)`
- D. `printReverse(list→tail)`

A	
B	

C	
D	

Question 4. 3,000 points

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- A. `printReverse(list→head)`
- B. `printReverse(list)`
- C. `printReverse(list→head→next)`
- D. `printReverse(list→tail)`

A
B

C
D

The correct answer is A.

Question 5. 5000 points

- The algorithm performs exactly $7+12N+3N^2$ steps.
What is the Big O of this algorithm?

A	$3N^2$
B	N^3

C	N^2
D	$12N$

Question 5. 5000 points

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What is the Big O of this algorithm?

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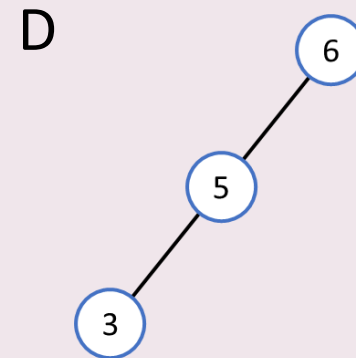
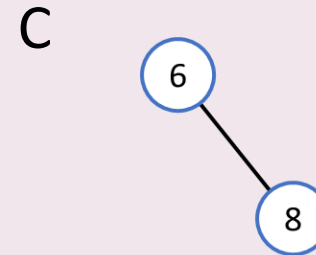
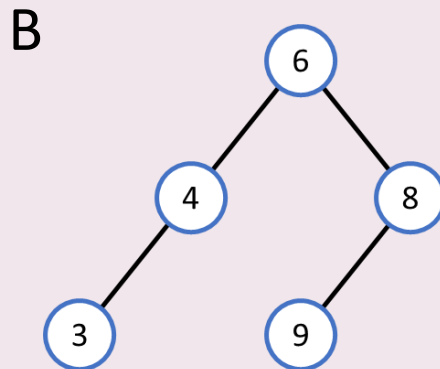
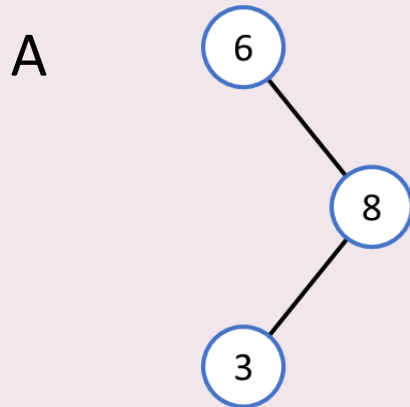
The correct answer is C.

Checkpoint 1 reached!

You have 5,000 points

Question 6. 7,500 points

- Which of the following is an AVL tree?

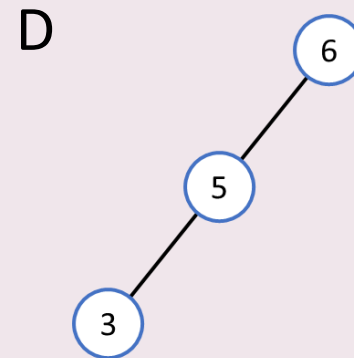
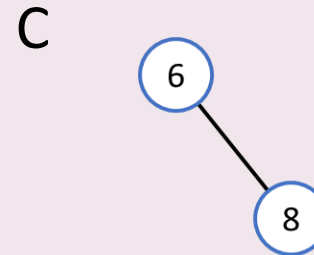
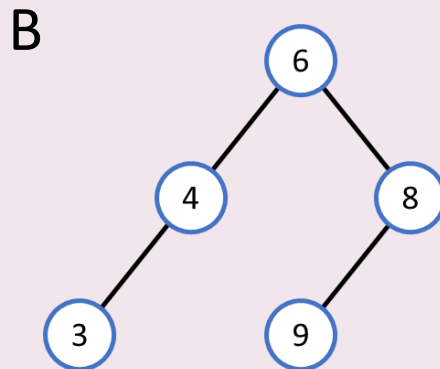
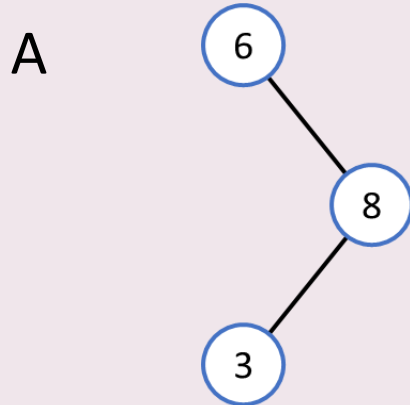


A	
B	

C	
D	

Question 6. 7,500 points

- Which of the following is an AVL tree?



A

B

C

D

The correct answer is C.

Question 7. 10,000 points

• Which of the following is TRUE?

- A. The cost of searching a binary search tree is $O(\log n)$ and that of an AVL tree is $O(n)$
- B. The cost of searching a binary search tree is $O(n)$ and that of an AVL tree is $O(\log n)$
- C. The cost of searching a binary search tree is $O(\log n)$ and that of an AVL tree is $O(\log n)$
- D. The cost of searching a binary search tree is $O(n)$ and that of an AVL tree is $O(n)$

A	
B	

C	
D	

Question 7. 10,000 points

• Which of the following is TRUE?

- A. The cost of searching a binary search tree is $O(\log n)$ and that of an AVL tree is $O(n)$
- B. The cost of searching a binary search tree is $O(n)$ and that of an AVL tree is $O(\log n)$
- C. The cost of searching a binary search tree is $O(\log n)$ and that of an AVL tree is $O(\log n)$
- D. The cost of searching a binary search tree is $O(n)$ and that of an AVL tree is $O(n)$

A
B

C
D

The correct answer is B.

Question 8. 15,000 points

- Which is an Abstract data type (ADT)?

A	Linked List
B	Stack

C	Adjacency matrix
D	None of the above

Question 8. 15,000 points

- Which is an Abstract data type (ADT)?

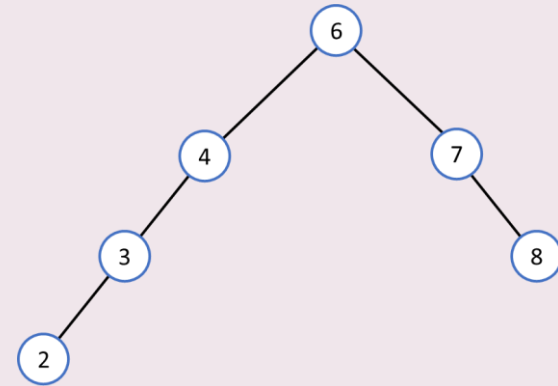
A	Linked List
B	Stack

C	Adjacency matrix
D	None of the above

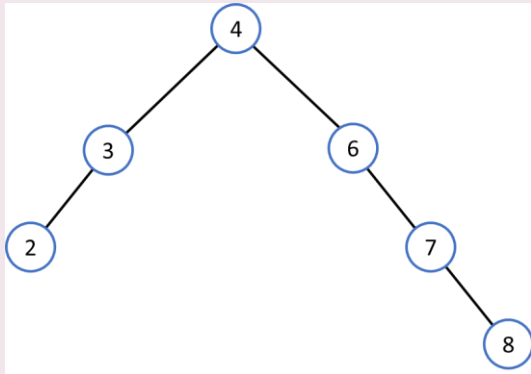
The correct answer is B.

Question 9. 25,000 points

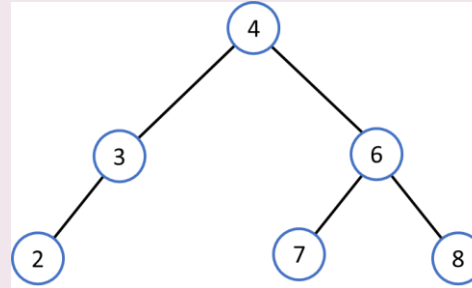
- What is the result of rebalancing the following AVL tree?



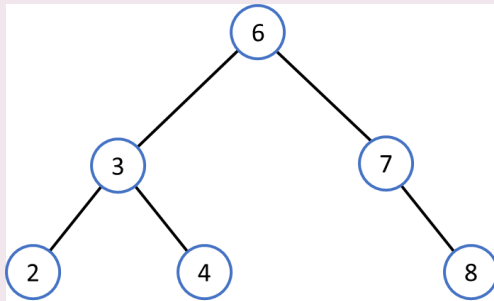
A



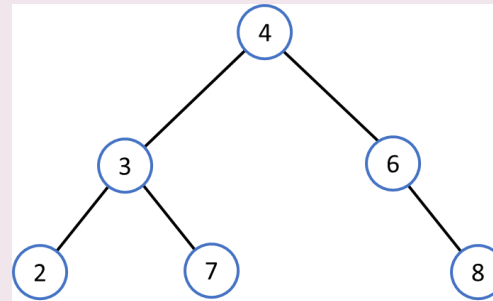
C



B



D



A

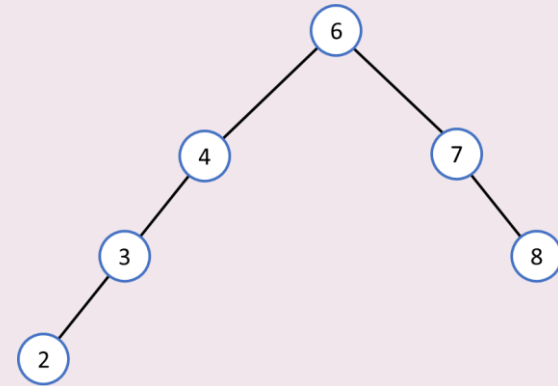
B

C

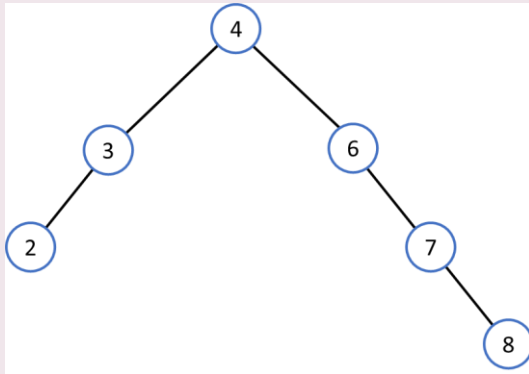
D

Question 9. 25,000 points

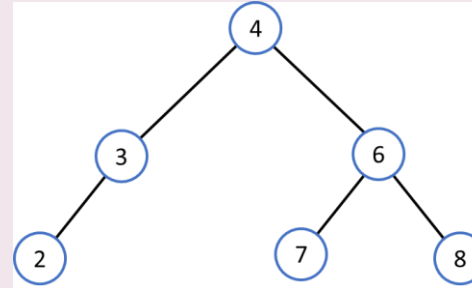
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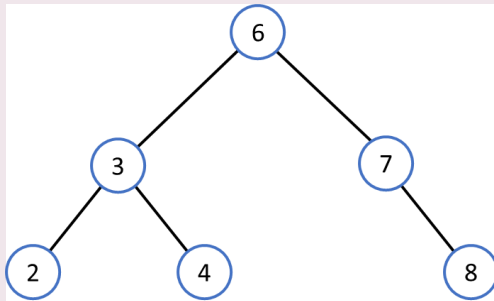
A



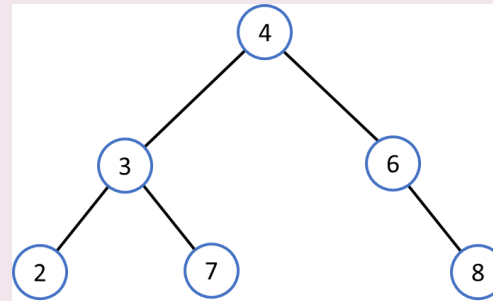
C



B



D



A

B

C

D

The correct answer is B.

Question 10. 50,000 points

- If the *binarySearch()* method is called to search a sorted array of 32 numbers, then at most _____ array numbers are compared against the search key.

A	5
B	32

C	4
D	6

Question 10. 50,000 points

- If the *binarySearch()* method is called to search a sorted array of 32 numbers, then at most _____ array numbers are compared against the search key.

A	6
B	32

C	4
D	5

The correct answer is D.

Checkpoint 2 reached!

You have 50,000 points

Question 11. 75,000 points

- Which **XXX** completes the *append()* method in the Java LinkedList class for a singly-linked list?

```
public void append(Node newNode) {  
    if (head == null) {  
        head = newNode;  
        tail = newNode;  
    }  
    else {  
        XXX  
        tail = newNode;  
    }  
}
```

- A. head.next = newNode;
- B. head = newNode;
- C. tail.next = newNode;
- D. head = tail;

A	
B	

C	
D	

Question 11. 75,000 points

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    }  
    else {  
        XXX  
        tail = newNode;  
    }  
}
```

- A. head.next = newNode;
- B. head = newNode;
- C. tail.next = newNode;
- D. head = tail;

A
B

C
D

The correct answer is C.

Question 12. 150,000 points

- What is the height of a BST built by inserting nodes in the order 12, 24, 23, 48, 47?

A	4
B	3

C	1
D	2

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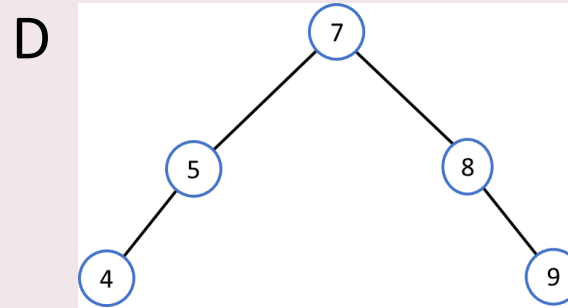
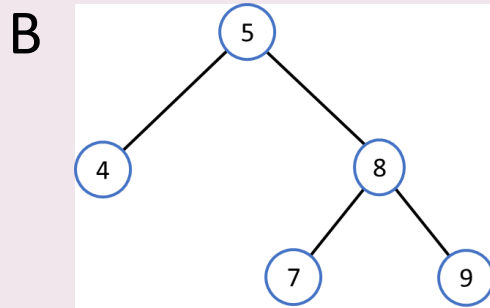
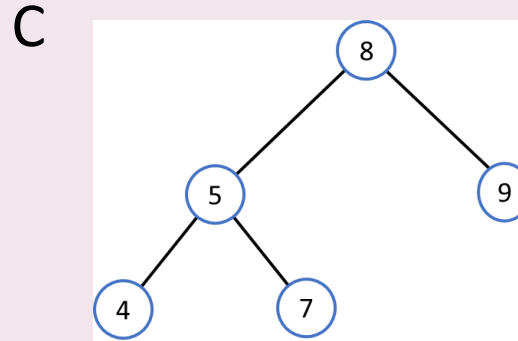
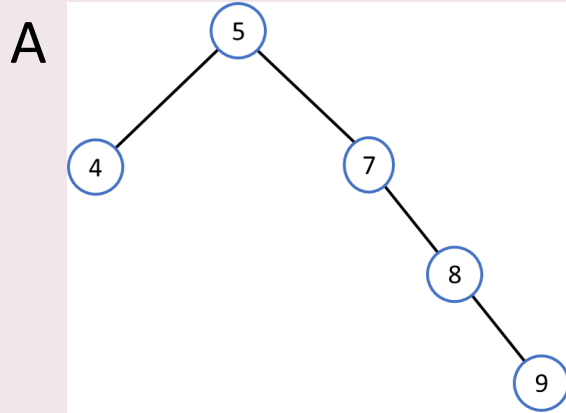
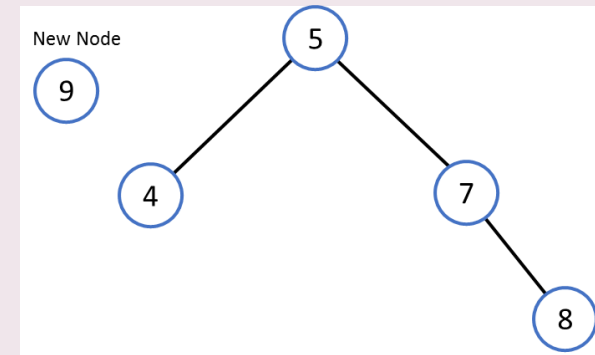
A	4
B	3

C	1
D	2

The correct answer is B.

Question 13. 250,000 points

- Identify the AVL tree which results after insertion of node 9 into the following tree:

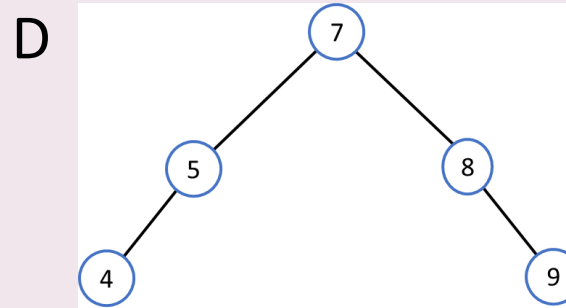
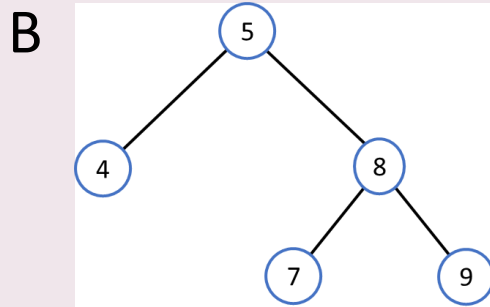
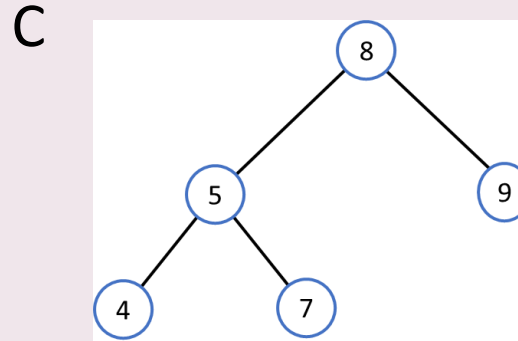
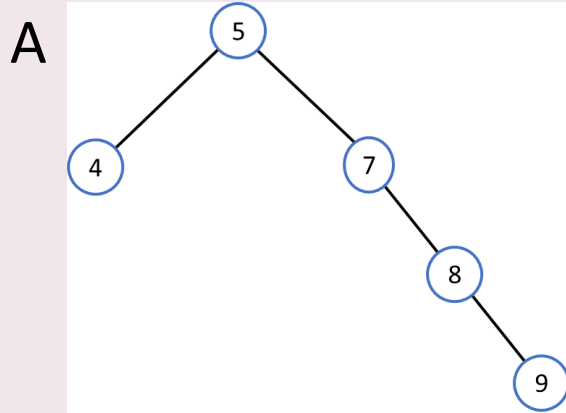
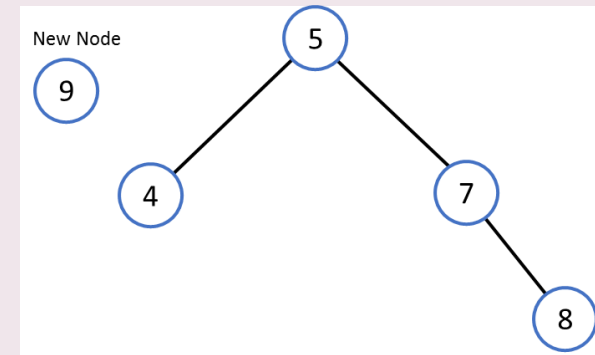


A	
B	

C	
D	

Question 13. 250,000 points

- Identify the AVL tree which results after insertion of node 9 into the following tree:



A
B

C
D

The correct answer is B.

Question 14. 500,000 points

- The queue was implemented using a circular array.
- What is the condition **XXX**?

```
enqueue(element, Array A, read, write)
  if XXX
    print ("Queue is full")
    return
  A[write] = element
  write = (write+1) % A.length
```

- A. $\text{write} == \text{read}$
- B. $\text{write} == (\text{read} + 1) \% \text{A.length}$
- C. $\text{write} == (\text{read} - 1) \% \text{A.length}$
- D. $\text{write} == \text{read} - 1$

A	
B	

C	
D	

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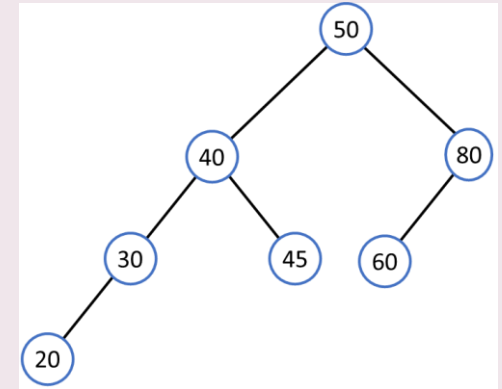
A
B

C
D

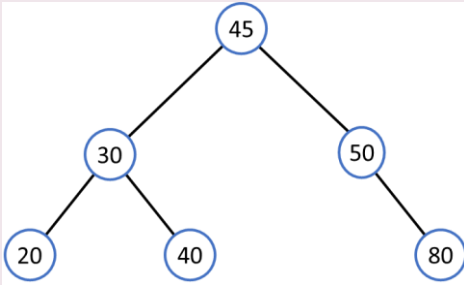
The correct answer is C.

Question 15. **One million points!**

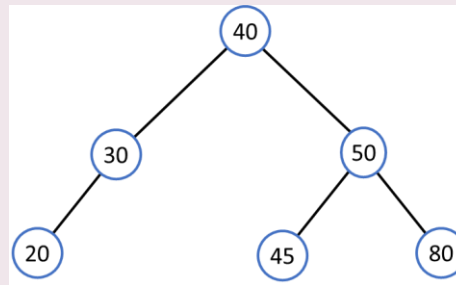
- Identify the rebalanced AVL tree after removing 60 from the following tree:



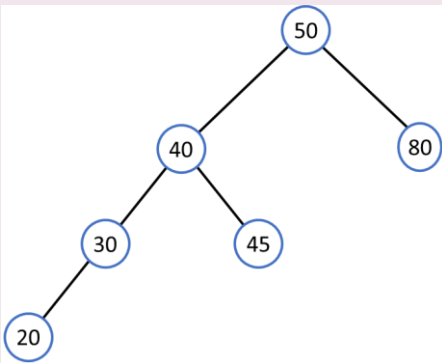
A



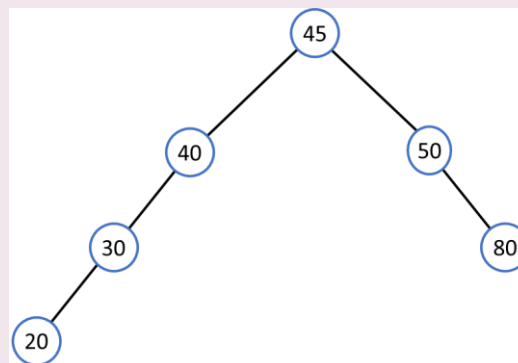
C



B



D



A

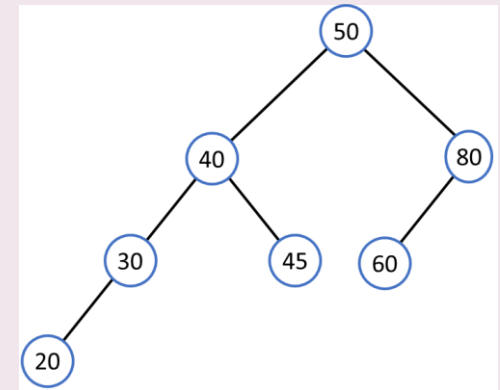
B

C

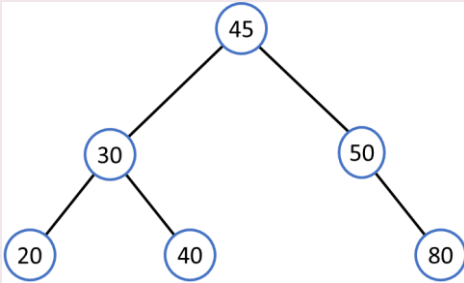
D

Question 15. **One million points!**

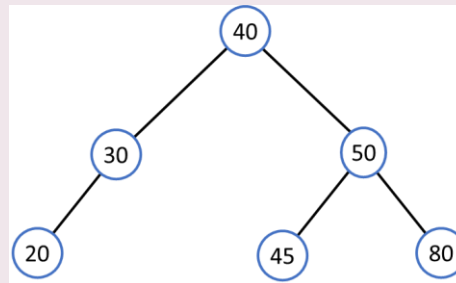
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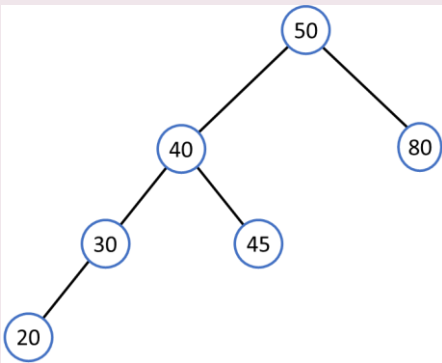
A



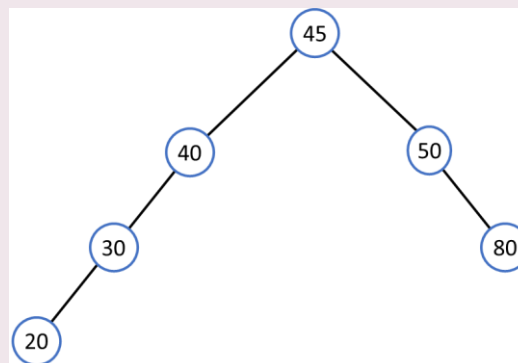
C



B



D



A

B

C

D

The correct answer is C.

Well done!

You are almost ready for the final exam